Hepatitis B (HBV) is spread through direct contact with infected blood.

TRUE or FALSE
Hepatitis B (HBV) is spread through direct contact with infected blood.

**TRUE or FALSE**

True

Hepatitis B is found in blood and body fluid including semen. Thus, the HBV is transmitted through direct blood to blood contact, through sex and through the birth process.
Hepatitis B can be spread through the air or by sharing utensils with someone who has the disease.

TRUE or FALSE
Hepatitis B can be spread through the air or by sharing utensils with someone who has the disease.

TRUE or FALSE  

Hepatitis B is a blood borne virus and is not in saliva or air droplets.  

False
One in twelve Asian Americans has Hepatitis B.

TRUE or FALSE
One in twelve Asian Americans has Hepatitis B.

**TRUE or FALSE**

True

Asian immigrants are more likely to have Hepatitis B thus children of Asian immigrants also. Hepatitis B still remains a common problem in certain regions of the world.
Many people with Hepatitis B don’t have symptoms and don’t look or feel sick.

TRUE or FALSE
Many people with Hepatitis B don’t have symptoms and don’t look or feel sick.

TRUE or FALSE

True

Hepatitis B may not have visible symptoms until a person’s liver is damaged. Some people never have visible symptoms and remain carriers who are able to transmit the virus to others through blood exposure, birth or sex.
A Hepatitis B blood test is the only way to know if you are infected with the virus.

TRUE or FALSE
A Hepatitis B blood test is the only way to know if you are infected with the virus.

TRUE or FALSE

True

Checking your blood for Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) is the only way to know for sure of your exposure to Hepatitis B.
Most people who have Hepatitis B were infected injecting drugs.

TRUE or FALSE
Most people who have Hepatitis B were infected injecting drugs.

**TRUE or FALSE**

False

While sharing needles using drugs is one way to get Hepatitis B, the majority of those living with Hepatitis B were infected at birth or early childhood. This is why the vaccine birth dose for all infants is important.
Having Hepatitis B means that you will get liver cancer and probably die from it.

TRUE or FALSE
Having Hepatitis B means that you will get liver cancer and probably die from it.

**TRUE or FALSE**

False

While Hepatitis B is a serious disease condition, there are many treatment medications that can help keep the virus from harming the liver. Regular check-ups are key to maintaining health and preventing liver damage.
There is a vaccine that can help protect against Hepatitis B if you haven’t been exposed.

TRUE or FALSE
There is a vaccine that can help protect against Hepatitis B if you haven’t been exposed.

TRUE or FALSE

True

The Hepatitis B vaccine is a series of two or three shots (brand dependent) given at spaced intervals that will help your body develop immunity to HBV. Ask your doctor give it to you especially if you work in occupations where you are exposed to blood, have a sex partner who has the HBV, or if you engage in any other risky behavior.
Once I have contracted Hepatitis B, I will have it for life.

TRUE or FALSE
Once I have contracted Hepatitis B, I will have it for life.

TRUE or FALSE

About 85% if people who become infected with Hepatitis B are able to clear the virus and will not have it for life. However, infants who contract HVB have a 90% chance of becoming lifetime carriers and also an increased chance of developing liver disease or liver cancer.
Breast feeding can transmit the Hepatitis B virus to an infant.

TRUE or FALSE
Breast feeding can transmit the Hepatitis B virus to an infant.

**TRUE or FALSE**

False  
There is no evidence that breastfeeding transmits HBV. Precaution is recommended to prevent cracked and bleeding nipples for mothers who are known to be Hepatitis B surface antigen positive.
Thanks for taking the FAST TEN QUIZ!