

Unsafe handling and under-cooking your holiday bird can cause foodborne illnesses. Here are a few tips from the USDA to keep your Thanksgiving safe and delicious!

Types of turkeys regulated by the USDA:



WAYS TO THAW

While frozen, a turkey is safe indefinitely. As soon as it begins to thaw, bacteria that may have been present before freezing will begin to grow again. Here are three ways to safely thaw your bird:



Refrigerator:

Safe to store the turkey for another 1 - 2 days in the refrigerator.

This is the USDA recommended thawing method.

How to thaw:

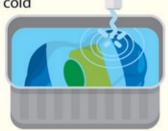
Allow approximately 24 hrs. for every 4-5lbs of bird.

Cold water:

Cook immediately after thawing.

How to thaw:

Submerge the bird in cold water & change every 30 mins.



Microwave:

Cook immediately after thawing.



How to thaw: Use defrost function based on weight

For more information on safe thawing methods, visit fsis.usda.gov

DID YOU KNOW?



It's safe to cook a frozen turkey though cooking time will be 50% longer!



Wash your hands for 20 seconds with soap and warm water.





Plates Countertops Cutting boards

Bacteria, which can be present inside and outside a turkey, can't be washed off the bird! Cooking is the only way to destroy this potentially dangerous bacteria.

WASHED

YOUR TURKEY!!





Separate raw turkey from fresh food, and use separate cutting boards, plates, and utensils.



Keep dishes that touch raw food separate, too!

> Wash items that touch raw meat with soap and warm water.

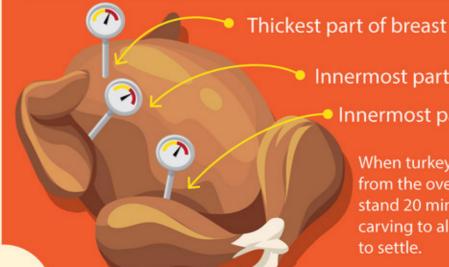




Your bird is not safe until it reaches 165 °F — you cannot tell by the color.

> Remember to ensure any stuffing cooked with the bird reaches 165 °F, too!

Use three places to check the temperature.



Innermost part of wing Innermost part of thigh

When turkey is removed from the oven, let it stand 20 minutes before carving to allow juices to settle.





Take your time around the dinner table, but refrigerate leftovers within 2 hours!



Safe in fridge 3-4 days

Safe frozen, but use within 2-6 months for best quality.





Leftover turkey should be cut into smaller pieces, and store items separately in smaller containers.



Be sure to pack leftovers in a cooler if traveling.



Reheat thoroughly to a temperature of 165 °F.

Remember, bacteria that cause foodborne illnesses can't be smelled or tasted!

FOR MORE INFORMATION:

Visit foodsafety.gov

If you have a specific question, call the USDA Meat and Poultry Hotline at 1-888-MPHOTLINE or visit AskKaren.gov. Visit PregunteleaKaren.gov for questions in Spanish.





