Influenza Surveillance Report

Division of Epidemiology - Disease Surveillance and Investigation District of Columbia Department of Health

2019-2020 Influenza Season Week 52 (December 22, 2019 – December 28, 2019)

(All data are preliminary and may change as more reports are received)

SUMMARY

- 371 new cases of influenza were reported by hospitals during this reporting period
- 19 additional cases were reported for week 51
- Zero pediatric deaths were reported during this period
- For the 2019-2020 influenza season to-date, 907 positive influenza cases have been reported
- DC Public Health Laboratory completed testing for 15 specimens during week 52
- Influenza activity increased since last week, and remains elevated

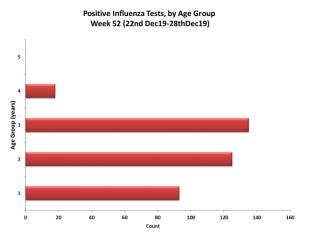
INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE FROM HOSPITALS & AMBULATORY CARE FACILITIES

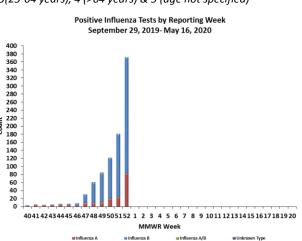
District of Columbia hospitals and laboratories report detailed information on cases of Influenza on a daily basis. However, in accordance with CDC guidelines, only Influenza-associated deaths in cases <18 years of age and Novel Influenza A infections are reportable. We also request that Influenza hospitalizations be reported if possible. The table below summarizes weekly and cumulative cases of Influenza for the 2019-2020 Season. Data are also presented by age group and by number of cases reported weekly. During week 52 (December 22, 2019 – December 28, 2019), there were 371 new cases of influenza reported. A total of 1254 tests were performed during week 52. To date, the District has received 907 positive influenza cases reported by all eight hospitals.

Surveillance of Influenza Cases Reported By Influenza Type

	Week 52 (December 22,2019- December 28,2019)		N	/e Positive Cases for /eeks 40–20 5, 2019– May 16, 2020)
Influenza A	82	(22.10%)	179	(19.73%)
Influenza B	289	(77.90%)	723	(79.71%)
Influenza A/B	0	(0.00%)	5	(0.56%)
Influenza (not typed)	0	(0.00%)	0	(0.00%)
Total	371*	(100.00%)	907*	(100.00%)

*Includes results from Rapid Diagnostic Testing, Viral Culture, RT-PCR, Serology, and Immunofluorescence. **Age groups are classified as 1(0-4 years), 2 (5-24 years), 3(25-64 years), 4 (>64 years) & 5 (age not specified)





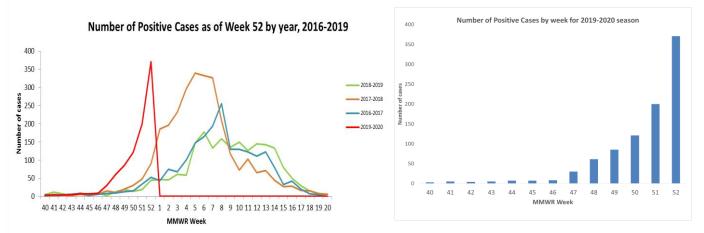
RAPID DIAGNOSTIC TESTING

Rapid Diagnostic Tests are screening tests used to detect the Influenza virus in a short period of time. While initially less accurate than PCR and viral culture, rapid diagnostics are more accurate as the Influenza season progresses. During week 52, 490 out of a total of 1254 tests were performed using rapid diagnostic testing in clinical laboratories. Of these, 84 (17.14%) positive Influenza specimens were identified using rapid diagnostics.

Week: 52 (December 22, 2019 – December 28 , 2019)				
No. of specimens tested Rapid Diagnostics	490			
No. of positive specimens (%)	84 (17.14%)			
Positive specimens by type/subtype				
Influenza A	19 (22.61%)			
Influenza B	65 (77.39%)			
Influenza A/B	0 (0.00%)			
Influenza – unknown type	0 (0.00%)			

WEEK 52 COMPARISON WITH PREVIOUS SEASONS

For week 52, there were 371 new cases reported in the current 2019-2020 season, 45 cases in last year's 2018-2019 season, 90 cases in the 2017-2018 season, 53 cases in the 2016-2017 season and 10 in the 2015-2016 season.



Cumulatively, there are a total of 907 cases in the District up to week 52 for the current season, 163 during the 2018-2019 season, 242 during the 2017-2018 season, 169 in the 2016-2017 season and 67 in the 2015-2016 season.

INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS (ILI) SURVEILLANCE

Sentinel surveillance for ILI consists of five outpatient reporting sites for the District of Columbia. The sentinel surveillance sites report the total number of ILI cases encountered per week and the total number of patients seen at the clinic during that same week. For this system, ILI is defined as the existence of fever (temperature of 100°F [37.8°C] or greater) and a cough and/or a sore throat in the absence of a known cause other than Influenza. For week 52, sentinel providers reported 603 out of 10488 visits (5.74%) that met the criteria for ILI.

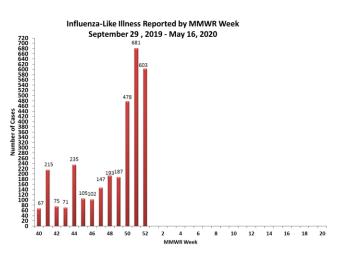
Geographic Spread of Influenza for Washington, DC

Week of	Activity *
Dec 22– Dec 28	Local

*No Activity – overall clinical activity remains low and there are no lab confirmed Influenza cases;

Sporadic – isolated lab confirmed Influenza cases reported and ILI activity is not increased;

Local – increased ILI activity and recent lab confirmed Influenza cases. As the District of Columbia is not a state, this is the highest level of ILI activity it can report.



INFLUENZA TESTING BY THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PUBLIC HEALTH LABORATORY (DC PHL)

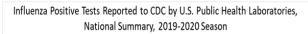
The DC PHL subtypes human isolates to monitor the circulating strains of Influenza. The isolates are submitted to the DC PHL by hospitals and commercial laboratories on a monthly basis. DC PHL completed testing for 15 specimens during week 52.

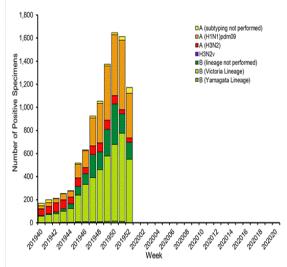
DC PHL Influenza Testing	Dec 22, 2019 – Dec 28, 2019	Sep 29, 2019 -May 16, 2020	
Number of specimens tested	15	456	
Number of positive specimens	0 (0.0%)	47	
Influenza A	0 (0.0%)	9 (19.14%)	
A(H1N1)pdm09	0	7	
H3N2	0	2	
Influenza B	0 (0.0%)	38 (80.86%)	
Yamagata lineage	0	0	
Victoria lineage	0	38	

DC PHL Surveillance of Influenza Cases Reported By Influenza Subtype

NATIONAL INFLUENZA ASSESSMENT

Influenza activity in the United States continues to increase and has been elevated for eight weeks now. The proportion of deaths attributed to pneumonia and influenza (P&I) is 5.5% but remains below the epidemic threshold. Five influenza-associated pediatric deaths occurring in weeks 50 and week 51 were reported to CDC during week 52. Three were associated with influenza A viruses and two were associated with influenza B viruses. A total of 27 influenzaassociated pediatric deaths occurring during the 2019-2020 season have been reported to CDC. During week 52, 1618 specimens were tested by public health laboratories, of which 1172 were positive. Of the 1172 respiratory specimens that tested positive during week 52, 474 (40.4%) were Influenza A and 698 (59.6%) were Influenza B. Of the Influenza A samples, 387 (91.3%) were 2009 H1N1, 37 (8.7%) were H3N2, and 50 were un-typed. Of the Influenza B samples, 548 (99.6%) were of the Victoria lineage, 2 (0.4%) were of Yamagata lineage and 148 had no lineage test performed.





Get Vaccinated! To find an Influenza vaccine provider, visit the District of Columbia Immunization Resource Center at <u>http://doh.dc.gov/node/190532</u>



For additional information about Influenza and Influenza activity in the United States, please visit: <u>http://www.cdc.gov/flu/index.htm</u>. Questions about Influenza in the District of Columbia or this report should be directed to the Division of Epidemiology - Disease Surveillance and Investigation at (202) 442-8141 or email <u>flu.epi@dc.gov</u>