



## "Fight the Bite" Zika Virus Webinar

**District of Columbia Department of Health** 

August 2016





# Zika Virus Background and Tracking in Washington, DC, and Surrounding States

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## Aedes Mosquitoes

Aedes aegypti



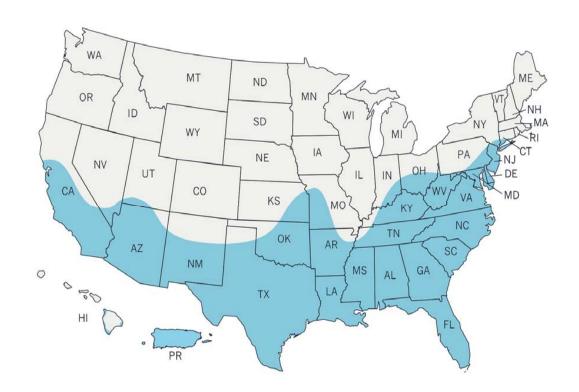
Aedes albopictus







## CDC's estimate of the potential range of Aedes aegypti in the United States.









#### Who are we targeting through our surveillance?

- Persons who recently traveled to or live in a Zikaaffected area (including Miami, Florida)
  - In some cases, the sexual partner (male or female) of someone who has traveled to a Zikaaffected area
- Fetuses exposed during pregnancy or around the time of birth







#### How do we share the results?

- DC DOH reports the results to the patient's provider (not directly to the patient)
- Positive cases are reported to CDC to be included in national surveillance data
  - Data for some cases are included in the US Zika Pregnancy Registry





## WE ARE WASHINGTON

#### How do we share the results?

- DC DOH reports the results to the patient's provider (not directly to the patient)
- Positive cases are reported to CDC to be included in national surveillance data
- Counts of travel-associated and local cases are posted on the DC
   DOH website (updated daily as of 8/18/16)

#### Zika Virus Update:

- Last Update: Daily (5 pm EST)
- •Total Human Cases Related to International Travel: 16
- Locally Acquired Mosquito Borne Cases: 0

Zika Virus Information web page: <a href="http://doh.dc.gov/publication/zika-virus-information">http://doh.dc.gov/publication/zika-virus-information</a>



## Getting Tested for Zika



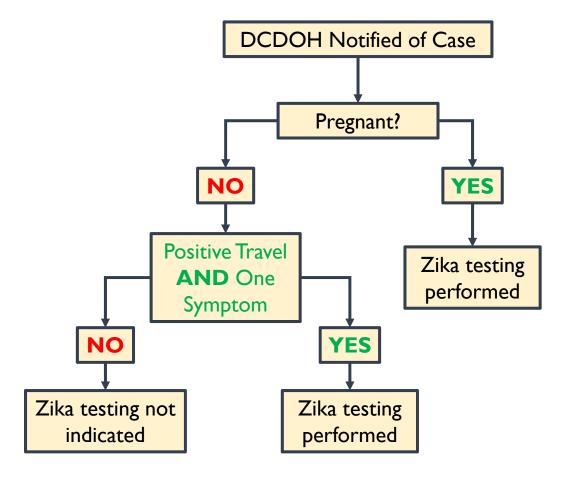
#### Who can be tested?

- People that travelled to affected areas <u>and</u> who experience one of the following symptoms within 2 weeks of travel: fever, rash, red eyes, or joint pain
- All pregnant women who were exposed: by having travelled to affected areas (0-12 weeks after their travel) or by having had unprotected sexual contact with a partner who has travelled
- Pregnant women who were exposed eight weeks before conception (6 weeks before the last menstrual period)



## Getting Tested for Zika







## District of Columbia Department of Health (DC DOH) Zika Virus Laboratory Testing Recommendations



Testing for Zika virus depends on the time between potential exposure and the patient's symptom status

- Viral RNA RT-PCR: performed on both serum and urine samples for symptomatic patients within 14 days of onset and asymptomatic pregnant women within 14 days of the last day of travel OR any pregnant women with an IgM positive test
- Serology (IgM ELISA): performed on serum samples 2 to 12 weeks
  after symptom onset for symptomatic patients or the last day of travel
  for asymptomatic pregnant women
- Plaque reduction neutralization test (PRNT): confirmatory test performed on all IgM positive serum samples at CDC laboratories

#### Who qualifies for testing?

Symptomatic (fever, conjunctivitis, rash, or arthralgia) men and women with appropriate travel history or sexual exposure

All pregnant women, regardless of symptoms, with appropriate travel history or sexual exposure

#### Interpreting test results

Detailed guidance on interpreting test results can be found in the CDC MMWR titled: InterIm

Guidance for Interpretation of Zika Virus Antibody Test Results

Collect 6 mL of venous blood in a tiger/speckled top tube or red top tube



Collect 5 - 15 mL of urine in a sterile screw-top container and seal with parafilm



To test other sample types (CSF, amniotic fluid, placenta, cord blood) contact DOH at (202) 442-8141 or DOH.EPI@dc.gov

Always submit serum and urine samples when testing pregnant women

Symptom Onset	Testing Symptomatic Non- Pregnant Patients					Testing not ndicated
Š Č	RNA RT-PCR			IgM ELISA		⊢ <u>ĕ</u>
Day 0	Day 1	Day 7	Day 14	Beyond Day 14	Week 12	Beyond Week 12
	Vire	emia				

<u>≅</u> <u>च</u>	Testing Pregnant Women					lact I to case
Last day of Travel				IgM ELISA		Conta DOH Suss
		disc				
Day 0	Day Day Day 1 7 14			Beyond Day 14	Week 12	Beyond Week 12

Last Updated 8/18/2016



### Zika Risk



#### What are the long-term side effects?

- For most people, nothing
- Sexual transmission
- Microcephaly
- Guillain-Barré syndrome



Baby with Microcephaly
2 standard deviations
below average

Typical

head size



Baby with Severe Microcephaly 3 standard deviations below average



### Zika Risk



#### What is the risk?

- Pregnant women
- Women trying to become pregnant
- Men whose partner is pregnant
- Infants





### Recommendations for Pregnant Women



- Avoid travel to Zika-affected areas
- Avoid sexual contact with anyone who may have been infected with the Zika virus, or use condoms consistently and correctly for the duration of the pregnancy





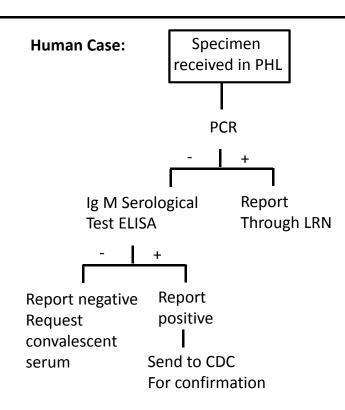


## **Laboratory Testing**

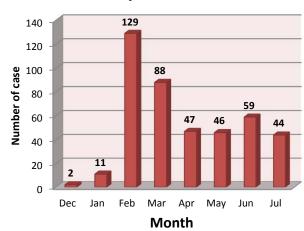
Horng-Yuan Kan, Ph.D, TS (ABB)

DC Department of Forensic Sciences
Public Health Laboratory
Interim Assistant Laboratory Director

#### **DFS-PHL Zika virus Testing**



#### **Zika Specimen Received**



To date, a total 426 specimens have been tested at DC PHL by PCR with 16 positive of Zika virus.





#### **DFS-PHL Zika virus Testing**

## **Guidance for U.S. Laboratories Testing for Zika Virus Infection**

Specimen Types	Test		Virus detection	
Serum, CSF	PCR	Zika IgM	Zika, Dengue, and Chikungunya	

Specimen Types	Test	Virus detection
Urine, Amniotic fluid	PCR	Zika

Specimen Types	Test	Virus Detection
Tissue Specimens	PCR	Zika, Dengue, and Chikungunya





#### **Proper Clinical Specimen for Laboratory Testing**

	Specimen	Diagnostic methods			
Case	type	RT-PCR	Serology Testing: IgM and PRNT		
	Serum	Yes	Yes		
Symptomatic	CSF	Yes	Yes		
Suspect Cases	Urine	Yes	No		
	Other*	Yes	No		
Asymptomatic					
Pregnant	Serum	Yes	Yes		
Women					

\*: amniotic fluid, placental tissue, cord





#### **Guidance for U.S. Laboratories Testing for Zika Virus Infection**

Type of specimen	Sample volume (ml)	Storage condition	Shipping condition	Reference	
Serum	6 ml	2-8 <sup>0</sup> C	4ºC Ice pack		
Urine	5 to 15 ml	2-8 <sup>0</sup> C	4°C Ice pack	PHL Zika	
CSF	3 ml	2-8°C	4ºC Ice pack	Sample Collection Guidance	
Amniotic fluid	3 to 5 ml	2-8 <sup>0</sup> C	4ºC Ice pack		
Cord Blood	3 ml	2-8°C	4ºC Ice pack		
Tissue	See CDC guideline*				

<sup>\*</sup>http://www.cdc.gov/zika/laboratories/test-specimens-tissues.html
Collecting & Submitting Fetal Tissue Specimens for Zika Virus Testing





#### **Specimen storage and shipping:**

- Store all specimens at 4°C and ship in a cooler with ice packs within 24 to 72 hours after collection. For delays exceeding 72 hours, freeze at -20°C and ship with ice packs.
  - Note: It is important that frozen samples not thaw during shipping.
     To prevent this be sure to pack with extra ice packs during the summer months.
- Required Documentation:
  - o CDC 50.34 form
  - Case report
  - o DC Public Health Laboratory Chain of Custody form
  - DC Public Health Laboratory Test requisition form





## Total number of positive of Flavivirus from mosquito pool samples

Month	April	May	June	July
WNV	0	0	3	16
CHIKV	0	0	0	0
Dengue	0	0	0	0
Zika	0	0	0	0

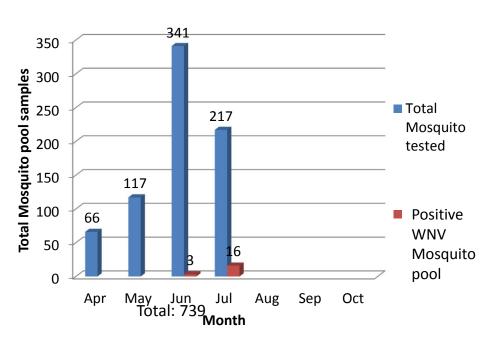






Aedes albopictus

#### Total and positive mosquito pool samples











## Arbovirus Surveillance and Mosquito Control in Washington, DC

Vito DelVento, DVM, MS

DC Department of Health
Health Regulation and Licensing Administration
Animal Services Program Manager
Executive Director Board of Veterinary Medicine



## National Capital Region Response







#### Arbovirus Surveillance of Zika in DC



#### How is the surveillance being conducted?

- Weekly surveillance throughout all 8 District Wards
- Sites selected on population and environment
- Traps utilized:
  - Gravid Traps
  - Carbon Dioxide Traps

Samples tested weekly by the Public Health Laboratory





## Mosquito Traps

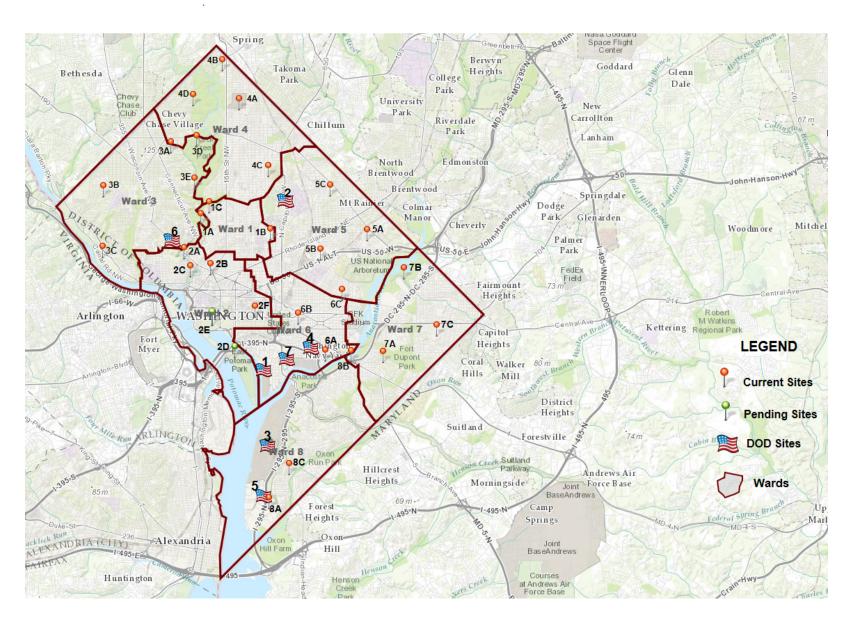


Gravid Style Trap



Carbon Dioxide Style Trap













#### What methods of control are being utilized?

- Reduce or eliminate mosquito breeding habitats
- Larvicide application



## Mosquito Control in DC



Reduce or eliminate mosquito breeding habitats













#### **Enforcement:**

- Investigations
- Abatement notice
- Citation issuance





## Mosquito Control in DC



Larvicide application

#### **Dunks**



#### Vectolex





## Mosquito Control in DC



#### **Larvicide application**

- District-wide: storm drains, standing water
- Sister government agencies
- Residential application









- When outdoors, wear long sleeves, pants, socks and shoes
- Apply Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)- approved insect repellent to exposed skin and/or clothing as directed by the product label
- When indoors, use air-conditioning and ensure that windows have intact screens and doors are secured







#### Zika Outreach in DC



- Website
- Neighborhood community meetings
- Community events
- OB-GYN providers
- Department of Health walk in appointment



#### DCDOH Zika Contact Information



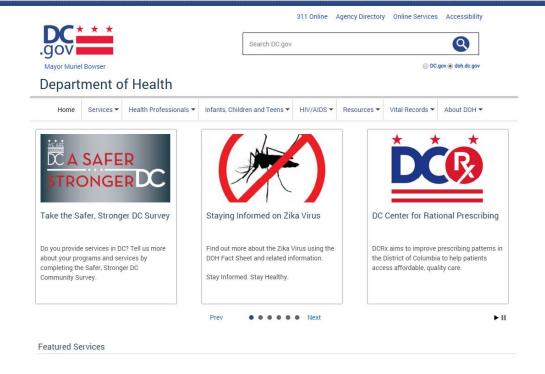
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Testing or Travel Questions: DOH.EPI@dc.gov

Mosquito Related Issues: Mosquito.Info@dc.gov

or (202) 442-5833



## Questions?

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